

Wendy Wang

Title of Talk: Minimum Rank of Positive Semi-Definite Matrices with a Prescribed Graph

Abstract:

A complex $n \times n$ matrix $A = [a_{ij}]$ is said to be combinatorially symmetric if for $i \neq j$, $a_{ij} \neq 0$ implies $a_{ji} \neq 0$. We associate a simple graph G to a combinatorially symmetric matrix A such that $V(G) = \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ and join vertices i and j if and only if $a_{ij} \neq 0$. The graph is independent of the diagonal entries of A . Define $\mathcal{P}(G)$ to be the class of all positive semi-definite matrices associated with a given graph G . Denote $\text{mr}(G) = \min \{\text{rank } A \mid A \in \mathcal{P}(G)\}$ the minimum rank of G . Results about the minimum rank of certain classes of graphs and related topics will be presented in this talk.